Testing the of new 550–900 MHz feeds

Dharam V. LAL, Nilesh S. Raskar & Santaji N. Katore

dharam AT ncra DOT tifr DOT res DOT in nilesh AT gmrt DOT ncra DOT tifr DOT res DOT in snk AT gmrt DOT ncra DOT tifr DOT res DOT in

June 24, 2016

Contents

1 Overview								
2	Data							
	2.1	RF = 950 MHz = ch-0.	3					
	2.2	$RF = 550 \text{ MHz} = ch-0 \dots$	7					
	2.3	Comparison with results from Engineering Front-End Team	11					
	2.4	Results	15					

List of Figures

1	Band-shapes of E02 antenna using C10 as reference for 3C286 calibration source.	4
2	Band-shapes of S03 antenna using C10 as reference for 3C147 calibration source.	5
3	Band-shapes of S03 antenna using E02 as reference for 3C147 calibration source.	6
4	Band-shapes of E02 antenna using C10 as reference for 3C147 calibration source.	8
5	Band-shapes of S03 antenna using C10 as reference for 3C147 calibration source.	9
6	Band-shapes of S03 antenna using E02 as reference for 3C147 calibration source.	10
7	Band-shapes of C10 antenna obtained from the Engineering team.	12
8	Band-shapes of E02 antenna obtained from the Engineering team.	13
9	Band-shapes of S03 antenna obtained from the Engineering team.	14

List of Tables

1	Table showing observing log for data acquired on 13 Jan 2016.	3
2	Table showing observing log for data acquired on 24 Feb 2016.	7

1 Overview

Three antennas, C10, E02 and S03 of the GMRT have been now equipped with new 550–900 MHz feeds. We look at the bandshapes of these antennae, compare them with the band-shapes using deflection tests performed by the Front-End (FE) group. Here we present the band-shapes of these new feeds 550–900 MHz along with the band-shape of a typical current 610 MHz feeds for comparison. We compare the band-shapes of these new feeds obtained from sky-tests performed on a calibrator source with the deflection-tests performed by the Engineering team, performed for these new feeds, kindly shared by FE group. We use results from rantsol to determine these bandshapes.

2 Data

GMRT data using new GWB, which is acquired using the new GMRT analog baseband (GAB) chain at the 610 MHz band was acquired for three antennas, C10, E02 and S03 along with the rest in order to understand the performance of these and their comparison with the typical current 610 MHz feeds.

Since, these are an upgrade related tests of GMRT, observations were typically made on a flux density calibrator and the cross-bandshapes of these antennas were looked.

We performed two sets of observations,

```
one using 950 MHz as the RF (Here, ch-0 and ch-2047 corresponds to 950 MHz and 550 MHz respectively.) two using 550 MHz as the RF (Here, ch-0 and ch-2047 corresponds to 550 MHz and 950 MHz respectively.)
```

2.1 RF = 950 MHz = ch-0

We present band-shape results for the RF equal to 950 MHz (= channel-0) case.

Table 1: Table showing observing log for data acquired on 13 Jan 2016.

```
Frequency: from 950 MHz (ch-0) to 550 MHz (ch-2047)
date of obs: 13 Jan 2016
 data files: gwbh1:/data2/gpuuser/13jan/tst1356_13jan2016_10950.lta
 START-time: (approx) 00:00hrs (midnight)
  STOP-time: (approx) 07:00hrs (afternoon)
_____
                    IST RF(MHz) CW(kHz) N-rec
         DATE
SCN OBJ
 0 3C147 13/Jan/2016 23:57:13 950.00 195.312
                                            0
 1 3C147 14/Jan/2016 00:00:26 950.00 195.312 111
 2 3C147 14/Jan/2016 00:21:10 950.00 195.312 111
 3 3C147 14/Jan/2016 00:42:00 950.00 195.312 111
 4 3C147 14/Jan/2016 01:02:49 950.00 195.312 111
 5 3C147 14/Jan/2016 01:23:34 950.00 195.312
                                           111
 6 3C147 14/Jan/2016 01:44:24 950.00 195.312 111
 7 3C147 14/Jan/2016 02:05:09 950.00 195.312
                                            111
 8 3C147 14/Jan/2016 02:25:58 950.00 195.312
                                           111
 9 3C147 14/Jan/2016 02:46:48 950.00 195.312
                                           111
10 3C147 14/Jan/2016 03:07:37 950.00 195.312 111
11 3C147 14/Jan/2016 03:28:22 950.00 195.312 111
12 3C147 14/Jan/2016 03:49:17 950.00 195.312
                                           111
13 3C147 14/Jan/2016 04:10:02 950.00 195.312
                                            92
14 3C286 14/Jan/2016 04:30:56 950.00 195.312 111
15 3C286 14/Jan/2016 04:51:41 950.00 195.312 111
16 3C286 14/Jan/2016 05:12:25 950.00 195.312
                                           111
17 3C286 14/Jan/2016 05:33:10 950.00 195.312 111
18 3C286 14/Jan/2016 05:53:55 950.00 195.312 111
19 3C286 14/Jan/2016 06:14:35 950.00 195.312 111
20 3C286 14/Jan/2016 06:35:20 950.00 195.312 111
21 3C286 14/Jan/2016 06:56:05 950.00 195.312
                                           56
_____
```

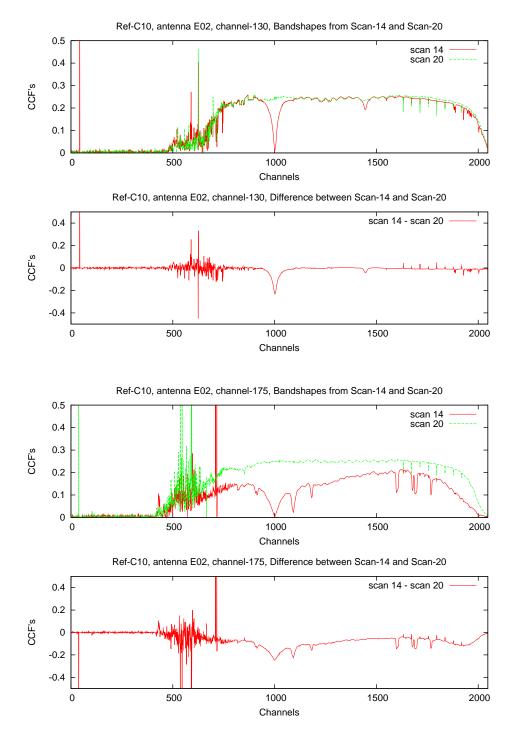


Figure 1: Band-shapes of E02 antenna using C10 as reference using 3C286 calibration source. Upper two panel and lower two panel figure has two plots, upper-plot shows band-shapes obtained from scan 14 (green plot) and scan 20 (red-plot), which are \sim 2.1 hr apart and the difference of these two band-shapes is shown in lower-plot. Upper two panel and lower two panel plots show band-shapes of 130 MHz (ch-1) and 175 MHz (ch-2) channels.

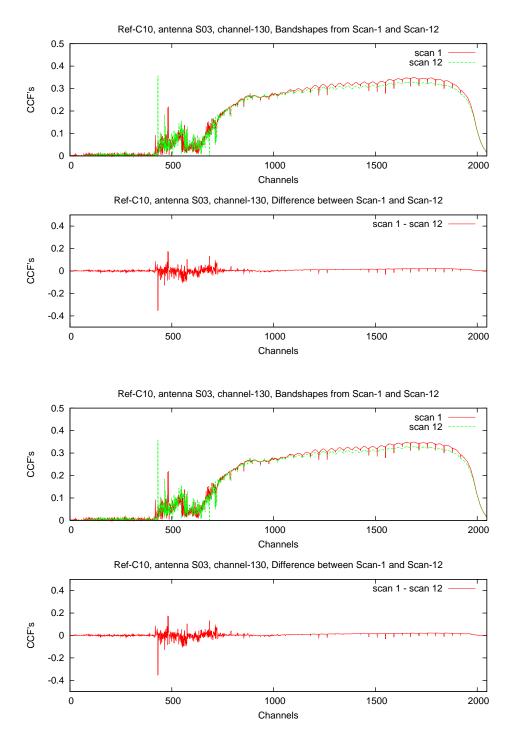


Figure 2: Band-shapes of S03 antenna using C10 as reference using 3C147 calibration source. The upper two panel and lower two panel, each has two plots, where upper-plot shows band-shapes obtained from scan 1 (green plot) and scan 12 (red-plot), which are \sim 3.75 hr apart and the difference of these two band-shapes is shown in lower-plot. Upper two panel and lower two panel plots show band-shapes of 130 MHz (ch-1) and 175 MHz (ch-2) channels.

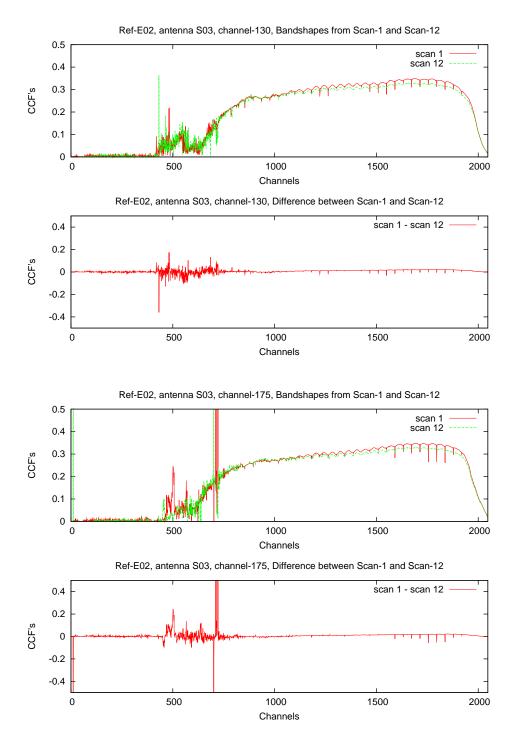


Figure 3: Band-shapes of S03 antenna using E02 as reference using 3C147 calibration source. The upper two panel and lower two panel each has two plots, where upper-plot shows band-shapes obtained from scan 1 (green plot) and scan 12 (red-plot), which are \sim 3.75 hr apart and the difference of these two band-shapes is shown in lower-plot. Upper two panel and lower two panel plots show band-shapes of 130 MHz (ch-1) and 175 MHz (ch-2) channels.

2.2 RF = 550 MHz = ch-0

We now present band-shape results for the RF equal to 550 MHz (= channel-0) case.

Table 2: Table showing observing log for data acquired on 24 Feb 2016.

```
Frequency: from 550 MHz (ch-0) to 950 MHz (ch-2047)
date of obs: 24 Feb 2016
 data files: gwbh1:/data2/gpuuser/24feb/tst1385_gwb_24feb2016_550lo.lta
                 /data2/qpuuser/24feb/tst1385_qwb_24feb2016_550lo.lta.1
 START-time: 00:00hrs (midnight)
  STOP-time: 12:30hrs (afternoon)
_____
                   IST RF(MHz) CW(kHz) N-rec
SCN OBJ
         DATE
 0 3C147 24/Feb/2016 17:14:58 550.00 195.312 113
 1 3C147 24/Feb/2016 17:36:02 550.00 195.312 112
 2 3C147 24/Feb/2016 17:56:56 550.00 195.312 111
 3 3C147 24/Feb/2016 18:17:41 550.00 195.312 111
 4 3C147 24/Feb/2016 18:38:31 550.00 195.312 111
 5 3C147 24/Feb/2016 18:59:20 550.00 195.312 111
 6 3C147 24/Feb/2016 19:20:10 550.00 195.312 111
 7 3C147 24/Feb/2016 19:42:33 550.00 195.312 112
 8 3C147 24/Feb/2016 20:03:18 550.00 195.312 111
 9 3C147 24/Feb/2016 20:24:08 550.00 195.312 90
SCN OBJECT DATE
                   IST
                        RF(MHz) CW(kHz) Nrecs
 0 3C147 24/Feb/2016 22:22:01 550.00 195.312
                                          33
 1 3C147 24/Feb/2016 22:28:54 550.00 195.312 111
 2 3C147 24/Feb/2016 22:49:44 550.00 195.312
                                          59
_____
```

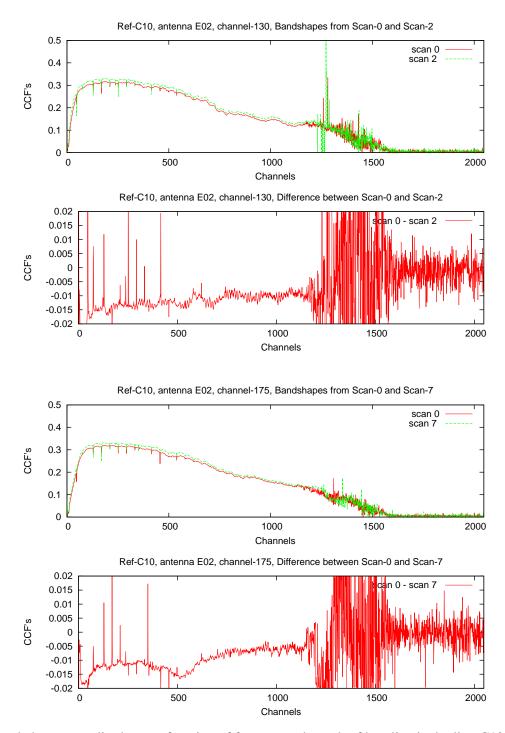


Figure 4: Band-shapes, amplitudes as a function of frequency channel, of baseline invlovling C10 and E02 antennae. Upper two panel and lower two panel figure has two plots, upper-plot shows band-shapes obtained from scan 1 (green plot) and scan 2 or scan 9 (red-plot), which are ~ 0.9 hr and ~ 2.7 hr, respectively apart and the difference of these two band-shapes is shown in lower-plot. Upper two panel and lower two panel plots show band-shapes of 130 MHz (ch-1) and 175 MHz (ch-2) channels.

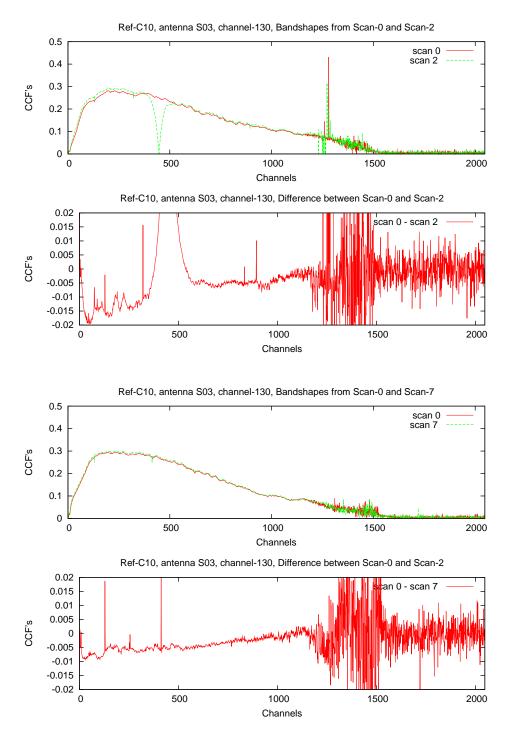


Figure 5: Band-shapes of S03 antenna using C10 as reference for 3C147 calibration source. The two, upper two panel and lower two panel plots are, upper-plot shows band-shapes obtained from scan 1 (green plot) and scan 2 or scan 9 (red-plot), which are ~ 0.9 hr and ~ 2.7 hr, respectively apart and the difference of these two band-shapes is shown in lower-plot. Upper two panel and lower two panel plots show band-shapes of 130 MHz (ch-1) and 175 MHz (ch-2) channels.

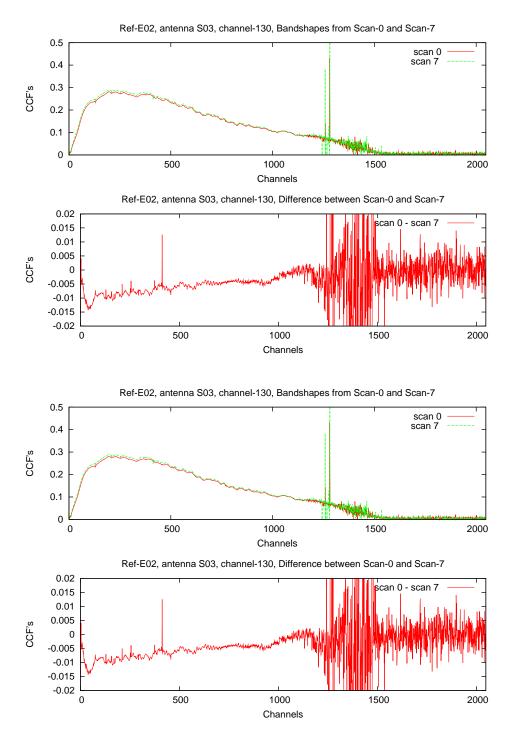


Figure 6: Band-shapes of S03 antenna using E02 as reference for 3C147 calibration source. The two, upper two panel and lower two panel plots are, upper-plot shows band-shapes obtained from scan 1 (green plot) and scan 9 (red-plot), which are \sim 2.7 hr apart and the difference of these two band-shapes is shown in lower-plot. Upper two panel and lower two panel plots show band-shapes of 130 MHz (ch-1) and 175 MHz (ch-2) channels.

2.3 Comparison with results from Engineering Front-End Team

Engineering team members, Mr. Imran Khan, Hanumanth Bandari and Ankur Prajapati had performed defelections tests for these antennas, C10, E02 and S03 in order to understand performance of these new upgraded feeds.

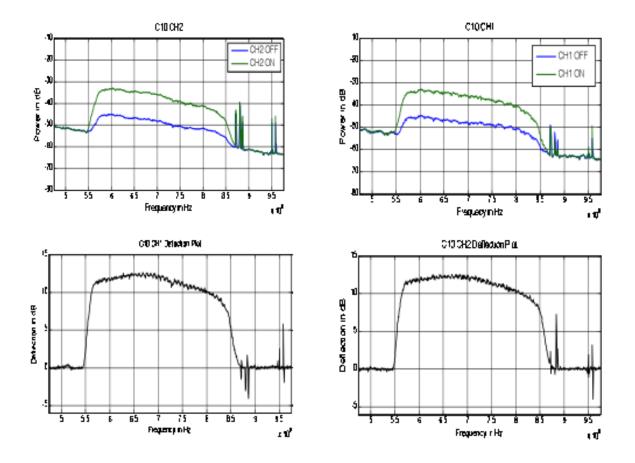


Figure 7: Band-shapes of C10 antenna obtained by performing the deflection test on Cygnua A, a calibrator source by the Engineering team on 10 December 2015. Upper-panel plots are for delflections obtained by firing (ON) and not-firing (OFF) an attenuation source for the two channels, ch-1 (130 MHz; left-side plot) and ch-2 (175 MHz; right-side plot). The expected deflection is 10.7 dB at a frequency of 700 MHz. Lower-panel plots show the amount of deflection observed for the two channels, respectively.

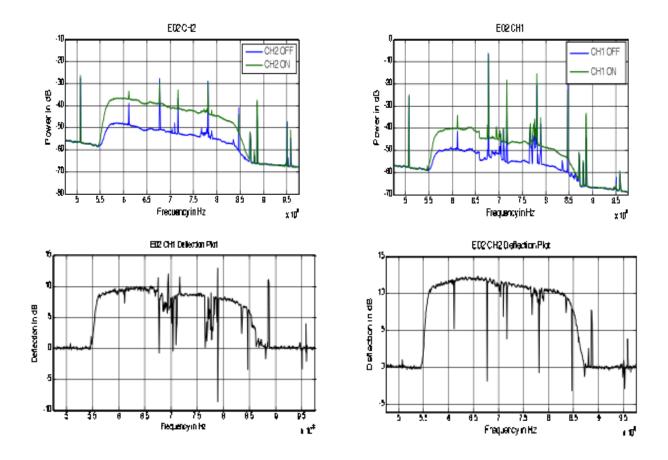


Figure 8: Band-shapes of E02 antenna obtained by performing the deflection test on Cygnua A, a calibrator source by the Engineering team on 10 December 2015. Upper-panel plots are for delflections obtained by firing (ON) and not-firing (OFF) an attenuation source for the two channels, ch-1 (130 MHz; left-side plot) and ch-2 (175 MHz; right-side plot). The expected deflection is 10.7 dB at a frequency of 700 MHz. Lower-panel plots show the amount of deflection observed for the two channels, respectively.

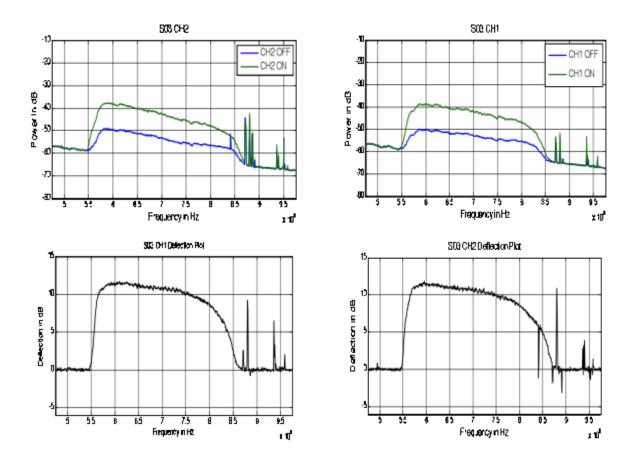


Figure 9: Band-shapes of S03 antenna obtained by performing the deflection test on Cygnua A, a calibrator source by the Engineering team on 10 December 2015. Upper-panel plots are for delflections obtained by firing (ON) and not-firing (OFF) an attenuation source for the two channels, ch-1 (130 MHz; left-side plot) and ch-2 (175 MHz; right-side plot). The expected deflection is 10.7 dB at a frequency of 700 MHz. Lower-panel plots show the amount of deflection observed for the two channels, respectively.

2.4 Results

Clearly the new upgraded feeds installed on C10, E02 and S03 show marked improvements as compared to existing 32 MHz system.

We list the inferences drawn from several Figures 1-6 obtained from data detailed in Tables 1-2

			·	
		Baseline	Cal-s:	rc RF
Fig. 1:	bandshape	C10-E02	3C286	950 MHz
Fig. 2:	bandshape	C10-S03	3C147	950 MHz
Fig. 3:	bandshape	E02-S03	3C147	950 MHz
Fig. 4:	bandshape	C10-E02	3C147	550 MHz
Fig. 5:	bandshape	C10-S03	3C147	550 MHz
Fig. 6:	bandshape	E02-S03	3C147	550 MHz
-				
Fig. 7:	bandshape	from defe	election	test for C10 antenna
Fig. 8:	bandshape	from defe	election	test for E02 antenna
Fig. 9:	bandshape	from defe	election	test for SO3 antenna

Briefly, to summarise these findings,

- it appears that the sky tests performed with GWB seems to match the results obtained by the Engineering Front-End team for these three antennas with broad-band upgraded feeds.
- Both sky-tests performed using a calibrator-source through the complete new path from antenna base to the correlator via the GMRT Analog Baseband (GAB) system and the deflection-tests performed by the GMRT Engineering team, provide (nearly) identical band-shapes.
- Amount of deflection seen by the Engineering team in antenna E02 is low as compared to C10 or S03, which is due to a cable, cable connecting the feed and the LNA-hood and it has been replaced to fix this.

We will next look at

- the stability of these band-shapes on several time-scales, from a few minutes to several days or weeks.
- Amount of usable band-width.
- Since, this (550–900 MHz band) now is a hybrid system,
 - consisting of antennas with old and new feeds,

we would provide the recommended RF and GAB–LO settings to perform routine GTAC observations.